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IMPROVED ASP I/O PERFORMANCE

by

Douglas E. Engert

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Applied Mathematics Division

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
ABSTRACT.	5
I. THE PROBLEM	5
II. BACKGROUND.	6
III. THE SOLUTION.	8
IV. THE EVALUATION.	10
V. CONCLUSION.	13
APPENDIXES	
A. Listing of the Changes Applied to ASP 3.1.3	14
B. Listing of the Evaluation Program and Sample Output	17

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
1.	Single Track Table AREADs and AREADs Using Retained Buffers.	11
2.	STT Buffers Retained and Retained Buffers Used by GETBUF	11
3.	Percent of STT AREAD EXCPs Saved and Percent of Total EXCPs Saved. .	12
4.	Actual Queue Pack EXCPs.	12

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ABSTRACT

An improvement to the I/O routines of ASP is described, which can save 25% of the EXCPs issued by ASP. Unused buffers in the buffer pool are used to retain parts of the single track table, and only two modules are changed.

The Problem

It has long been known that the biggest bottleneck in most ASP systems is the ASP Queue. Here at Argonne, we have recently made an improvement to the ASPIO routines in the module IONUC to lessen the load on the queue packs.

Currently, we are running ASP on a 4 Megabyte, 370/195 with an ASP region of 738K, four queue packs and 10 initiators. Only one cylinder is used on the first queue pack which is allocated to the Single Track Table (STT), but it does extend to the other queue packs as well. Using software monitors, we have measured the overall activity on the queue packs and have found it to be as high as 70 interrupts per second. The activity is spread very evenly over all four of the queue packs, even though the first pack uses only one cylinder. Needless to say, the queue packs and the system residence volume are the busiest packs in the system. Any improvement in the area of ASPIO would be of major significance.

After noting the heavy load placed on the system by the Single Track Table records, a study was made to determine how the STT is used and what changes could be made.

Background

The STT is used for non-job related records, and for certain DSP's with control blocks of short duration, or only a few records. In these cases, the use of a half cylinder (the normal allocation unit for queue space) would be wasteful. Job related records such as the Job Control Table (JCT) and Network Control Blocks (NCB) also use the STT. The most active of these is the JCT. With a 250 job queue, typical for our system, this table occupies about 40 records, which are constantly being updated.

Four macros are used to perform I/O operations on records in the Single Track Table. AREAD is used to read a record. The track address of the record to be read is supplied to ASPIO. AWRITE is used to write a record. The address of the buffer to be written is supplied. The first four bytes of the record contain the track address. If they are zero, a new track address is obtained. ARELEASE is used to free the buffer used to hold a record, if it does not need to be rewritten. The buffer address is supplied. APURGE is used to free a record and its track address so it can be used for other functions.

Buffers for I/O are normally obtained from the ASP buffer pool. When the pool is empty, buffers are obtained from free storage. We have specified 115 buffers in our pool, of which usually 70 to 80 are in use. Since there has been no real benefit in increasing the size of the pool, we have tried to keep the size down. This has changed in light of this performance change.

An example of the use of a Single Track Table is when a card reader function is called. This occurs for each batch of jobs read in through RJP or our local RADS system. A command such as *X,CR,IN=R013 is issued to CALLDRVR. This function makes up a Job Description Accounting Block (JDAB) and a parameter buffer containing "IN=R013" and issues AWRITE macros for both

of these to write them to the queue. A JCT entry is then created. The routines that handle the JCT (JOBCONTL) issue AREAD macros to read in part of the JCT, to add the new entry. The updated JCT is then written to the queue using the AWRITE macro. CALLDVR then posts the job segment scheduler (JSS). JSS determines that there is work to do, so it issues AREAD macros to read in parts of the JCT to look for work. It soon finds the function that needs to be scheduled, creates the incore tables needed, and posts it. JSS then updates the JCT entry to show that the card reader is active and issues an AWRITE macro to save this information. The card reader, which is now an active function, issues AREAD macros to read its JDAB and parameter buffer to find "IN=R013". ARELEASE macros are then issued for both of these records. When the card reader is finished, these same types of operations are performed again by JSS to update the JCT to mark the card reader function complete. These same types of actions are performed many times for all jobs in the system, making the JCT the heaviest used table residing on the queue packs.

In the above example, the JDAB and parameter buffer were read once, but the JCT was accessed twice. Depending on the size of the queue, the card reader entry may not be in the first record of the JCT, so other records may also have to be read. This JCT entry may be in the second or third record, so as many as six records may have to be read. ARELEASE macros are issued for JCT records that are read but not changed.

The Solution

This problem of high activity on the JCT has been approached by other installations, also. One approach was to keep an incore table of some of the JCT information so inquiries and quick searches for jobs could be made.

Only 70% of our buffer pool is in use. If the other 30% could be utilized to save some of the Single Track Table records, then they would not have to be read in each time.

Our approach at Argonne was to keep the changes localized to the ASPIO routine, IONUC, by modifying the AREAD, ARELEASE and AWRITE routines. This was deliberately done so the code could be exported easily. In this way, all Single Track Table activity could be improved. In the above example, it would be possible to save all the AREADS for the JCT, the JDAB, and the parameter buffer, since the card reader is normally scheduled in a fraction of a second.

When an AWRITE for a STT record is performed, instead of just returning the buffer to the buffer pool, it is added to a chain of incore retained buffers. The word preceding each buffer is used as a chain field. This word is normally used for debugging. The record can be identified since its track address is contained in the first four bytes.

When an AREAD for a STT record is performed, this chain of retained buffers is searched. If the record is found, it is dechained. The normal ASPIO activity is bypassed. This saves one I/O operation.

ARELEASE also will add STT records to the retained buffer chain, but one piece of additional information must be supplied. When an AWRITE is issued, there is no doubt that the incore data is the same as the data on the queue pack, since it was just written. When an ARELEASE is issued, there is no guarantee that the record has not been altered or that this is

the same record as on the queue pack. To supply this information, a new parameter has been added to the ARELEASE macro, TYPE=REAL. The logic of the function issuing the ARELEASE must determine if this is a copy of the record on the queue pack and pass this information along to the ARELEASE function. Currently, this is only done by JOBCONTL.

Whenever a new track is allocated, the list of retained buffers is checked; if a match is found, the buffer is removed from the chain. This must be done since an APURGE could have been issued for this track address. This is done in IONUC rather than when the APURGE is issued to localize the changes.

Code was also added to the GETBUF routine. When no more buffers are available from the buffer pool, GETBUF will take the first retained buffer. Since the buffers are added at the end, this will keep the most recently used records in core. Under the worst case, when all the buffers are in use and no buffers are retained, this algorithm will function the same as the unmodified system.

After a month of experience with this change, another parameter was added. A minimum number of retained buffers was set to 10. GETBUF would not use retained buffers for non-single track requests if the number of retained buffers was less than the minimum. This change was needed, since MAINIO could burst large amounts of output and use all the buffers. Still later, this limit was changed from 10 to 30.

Counters were added later to record the STT activity. The number of STT AREAD macros issued, the number of I/O operations saved by finding the record in a retained buffer, the number of buffers retained, the number of buffers used by GETBUF for other uses, and the number of EXCPs issued were recorded.

The Evaluation

Data was collected on a number of days during the day and early evening when we have our heaviest loads. The counters were recorded every 15 to 30 minutes using the Dump Core function (DC). The number of events per second for the five counters were calculated over the 15 to 30 minute time interval and were plotted. The hit ratio, or percent of STT AREADs requiring no I/O, and the percent of EXCPs saved were also plotted.

June 5, the first day this change was on the system, we hit an all time record high for the number of jobs run! As expected, during the afternoon when the load is the heaviest, the number of buffers used by GETBUF increased; so fewer buffers were retained, and the hit ratio dropped to about 20%. This is still a saving of about 6% in overall queue pack activity. Earlier the same day, the hit ratio hit 95% for an overall saving of queue pack activity of 25%.

On July 10, the minimum number of retained buffers parameter was added and set to 10. This was done to keep MAINIO from using all the buffers. The system performed about the same as on June 5.

Then on August 27, twenty buffers were added to the buffer pool; and the minimum number of retained buffers was set to 30. Figures 1 through 4 show the results of that change. During the day, the system went down three times at about 10:45, 15:45 and 16:45. This is rather unusual; but the data was used anyway, since it was a busy day and the counters are difficult to record using DC. Figure 3 shows the hit ratio, or percent of STT AREADs saved, to be about 87% with an overall savings of about 25% in queue pack activity. This was with a 250 job queue.

Appendix B contains the listing of the program used to produce these graphs, along with the output listing for August 27.

ASP BUFFER REUSE PERFORMANCE

SINGLE TRACK TABLE AREADS dotted line
AREADS USING RETAINED BUFFERS dashed line

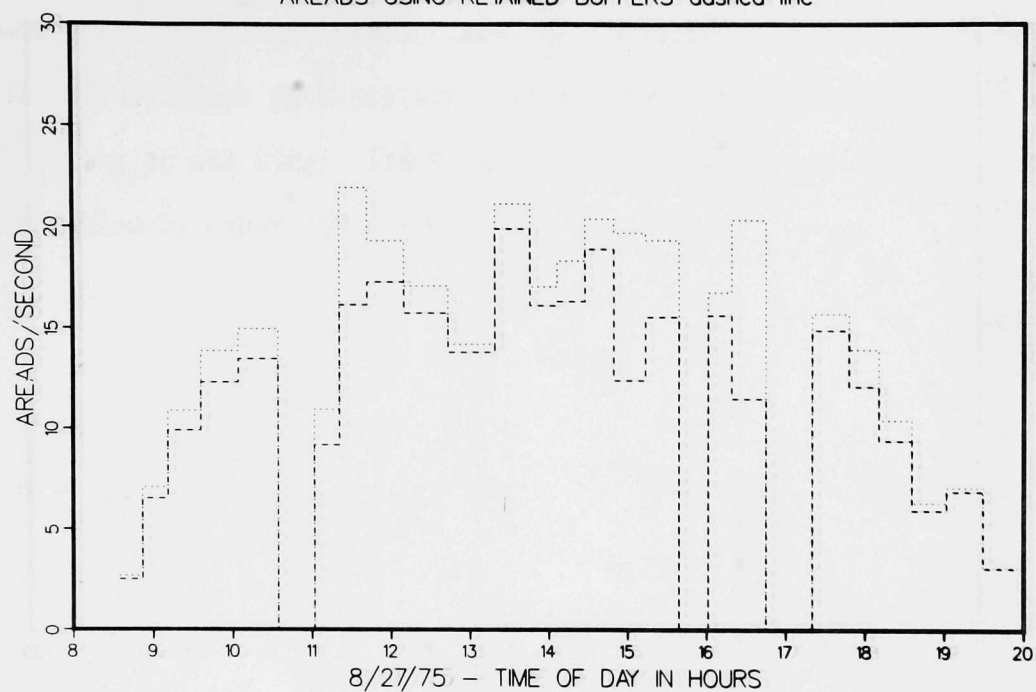


Figure 1

ASP BUFFER REUSE PERFORMANCE

STT BUFFERS RETAINED dotted line
RETAINED BUFFERS USED BY GETBUF dashed line

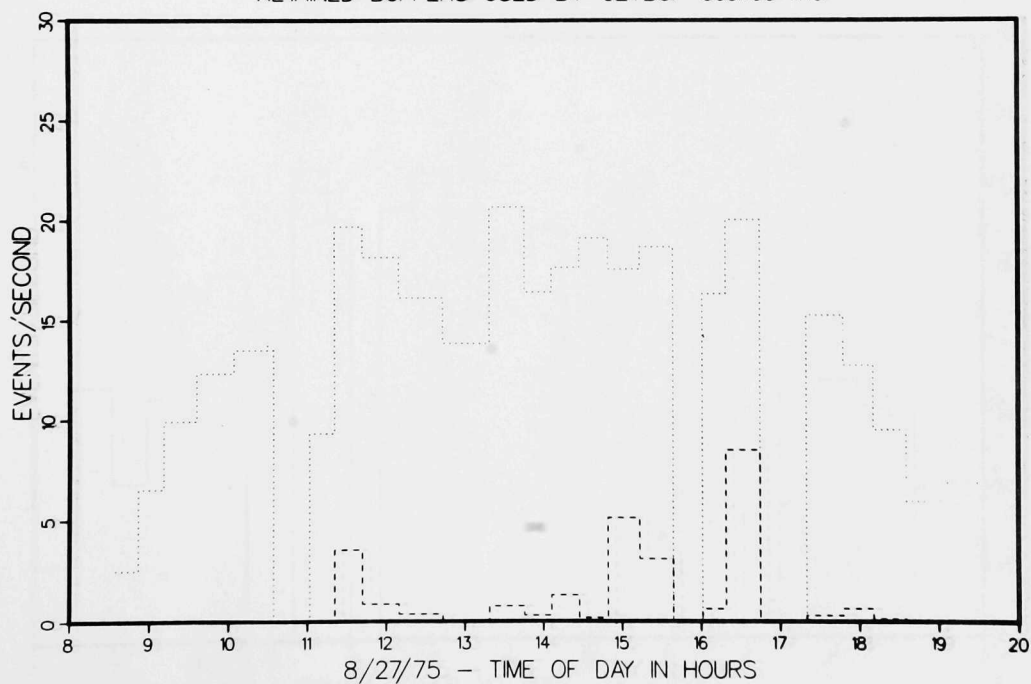


Figure 2

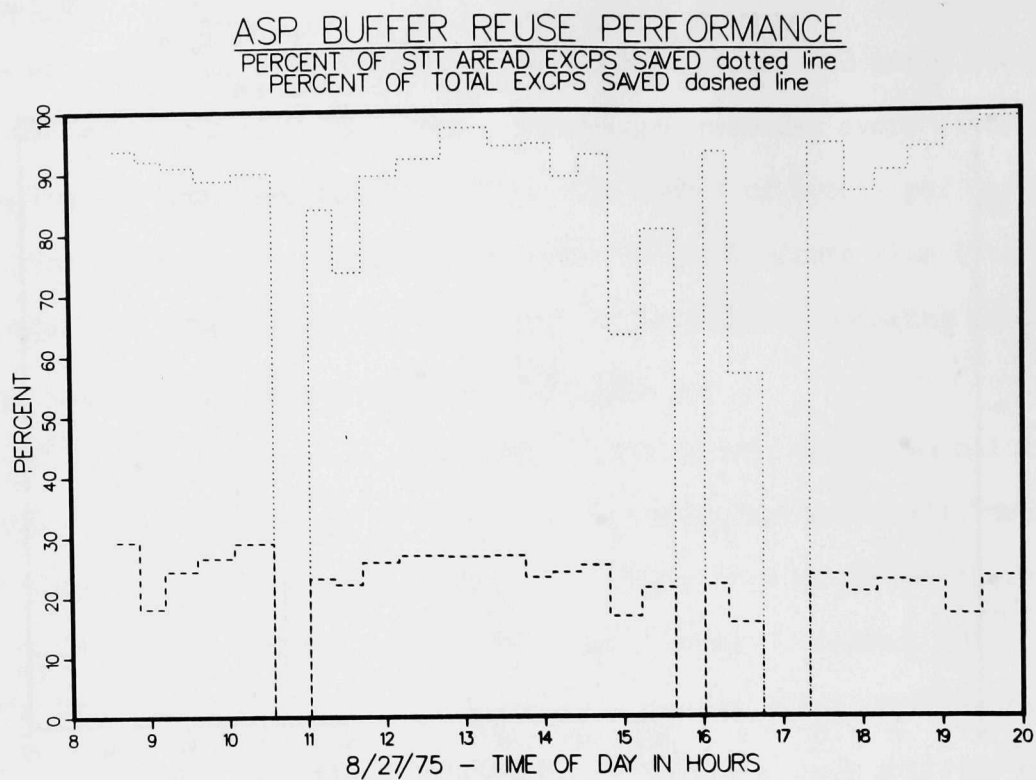


Figure 3

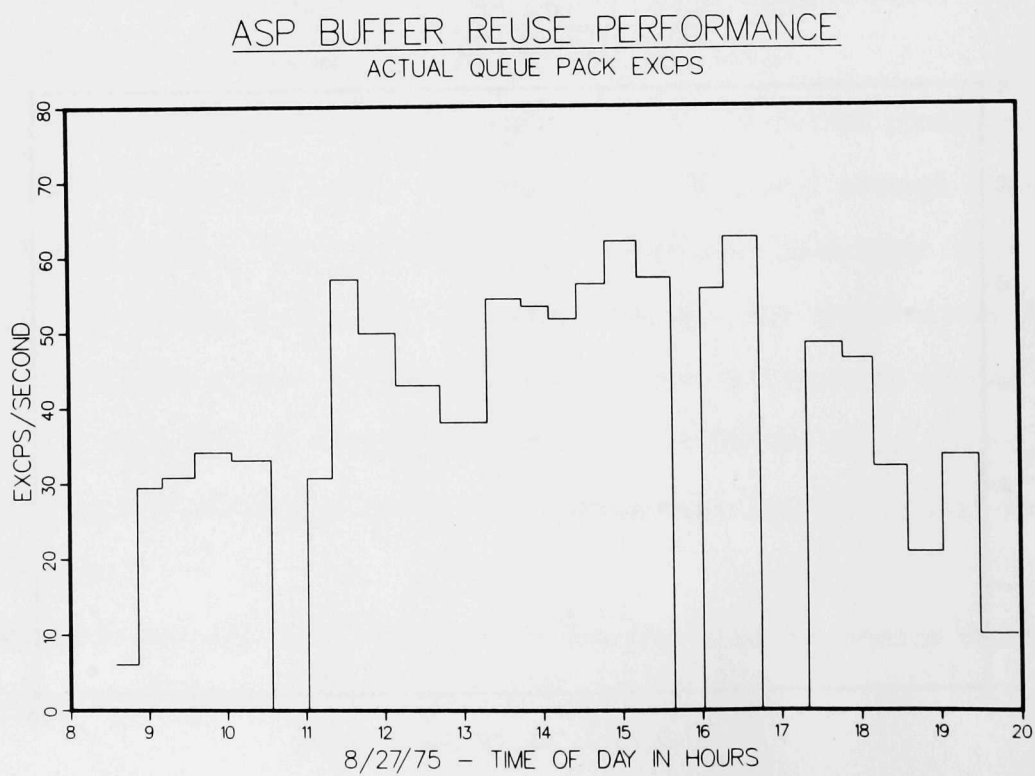


Figure 4

Conclusion

At our installation, this change has made a substantial improvement in channel activity and ASP performance. The benefits available: 1) upwards of 25% savings of queue pack activity, 2) the localized code charges, and 3) the encompassing of all Single Track Table activity make this change worthy of consideration by other ASP users.

Appendix A

The following changes are for ASP 3.1.3.

./	CHNGE ARELEASE,00,0,0		
&NAME	ARELEASE &FDB=&SAVE=&NORMAL=&TYPE=		A04103 00000100
	AIF ('&TYPE' NE 'REAL').A1		A04103 00000210
	L R15,ARELEASE - ENTRY POINT		A04103 00000211
	O R15,=XL4'80000000' - SET TYPE=REAL		A04103 00000212
	ZCALL (R15),SAVE=&SAVE,NORMAL=&NORMAL		A04103 00000213
	MEXIT		A04103 00000214
.A1	ANOP		A04103 00000215
./	CHNGE ZCALL,00,0,0		
&NAME	ZLOAD (R15),TVADD,&TVADD,L		A04103 00003600
./	CHNGE IONUC,00,0,0		
	TM FDBFLAGS,FDBMNTAT	MAIN TAT?	A04103 00208010
	BC ALLOFF,ANLRD050	NO,BRANCH	A04103 00208020
	TM FDBFLAG0,FDBJBTAT	TAT?	A04103 00208030
	BC ALLON,ANLRD050	YES,BRANCH	A04103 00208040
	LA R15,ANLRD000		A04103 00208100
	BR R15	GO SEE IF BUFFER IS IN CORE	A04103 00208200
ANLRD050	EQU *		A04103 00208400
GETBF20	L R5,ANLBFCBN	POINT AT BUFFER CHAIN	A04103 00594000
	LTR R5,R5	ANY?	A04103 00594010
	BC ZERO,ANLGB010	NO,BRANCH	A04103 00594020
	LH R0,ANLCHCUR	CURRENT NUM OF BUFS ON CHAIN	A04103 00594021
	CLC =AL3(ANLRDSIN),GETBFR14+1	SINGLE REC INPUT?	A04103 00594022
	BC NE,ANLGB002	NO,BRANCH	A04103 00594023
	TM FDBFLAGS,FDBMNTAT	MAIN TAT?	A04103 00594024
	BC ALLON,ANLGB004	YES,USE A RETAINED BUFFER	A04103 00594025
ANLGB002	CH R0,ANLCHMIN	MIN NUMBER?	A04103 00594026
	BC LE,ANLGB010	YES,DO A GETMAIN INSTEAD	A04103 00594027
ANLGB004	BCTR R0,0	-1	A04103 00594028
	STH R0,ANLCHCUR	SAVE	A04103 00594029
	LA R0,1		A04103 00594030
	A R0,ANLCHGB	INC COUNT OF BUFFERS NOT USED	A04103 00594040
	ST R0,ANLCHGB		A04103 00594050
	L R0,0(R5)	NEXT BUFFER ON CHAIN	A04103 00594060
	LTR R0,R0		A04103 00594070
	BC NZERO,ANLGB005	YES,BRANCH	A04103 00594080
	MVC ANLBFCHE,=A(ANLBFCBN)	CHANGE END PTR ALSO	A04103 00594090
ANLGB005	ST R0,ANLBFCBN	POINT TO NEXT	A04103 00594100
	MVI 0(R5),C'B'	SET POOL BUFFER AGAIN	A04103 00594110
	LA R0,4(R5)	POINT AT BUFFER	A04103 00594120
	B GETBF05		A04103 00594130
ANLGB010	LH R0,AIOBUFS4	SIZE FOR GETMAIN	A04103 00594140
	CLI 0(R14),C'D'	CHAIN BUFFER?	A04103 00656010
	BC NE,ANLPB010	NO,BRANCH	A04103 00656020

	L	R5,ANLBFCHE	POINT AT END	A04103	00656030
	ST	R14,0(R5)	SAVE END POINTER	A04103	00656040
	ST	R14,ANLBFCHE		A04103	00656050
	MVC	0(4,R14),TVTZERO	ZERO CHAIN FIELD	A04103	00656060
	LA	R14,1		A04103	00656070
	A	R14,ANLCHPB	INC COUNT OF OUR PUTBUFS	A04103	00656080
	ST	R14,ANLCHPB		A04103	00656090
	LA	R14,1		A04103	00656092
	AH	R14,ANLCHCUR	CURRENT # OF BUFFS ON CHAIN	A04103	00656094
	STH	R14,ANLCHCUR		A04103	00656096
	B	PUTBF25		A04103	00656100
ANLPB010	EQU	*		A04103	00656110
	LA	R15,0(R15)	MAKE NOT MINUS	A04103	00761100
	LTR	R15,R15	REAL BUFFER?	A04103	00770010
	BC	NMINUS,ANLRE010	NO,BRANCH	A04103	00770020
	SH	R2,=H'4'	-4	A04103	00770030
	CLI	0(R2),C'C'	POOL BUFFER?	A04103	00770040
	BC	NE,ANLRE010	NO,BRANCH	A04103	00770050
	MVI	0(R2),C'D'	SET TO SAVE	A04103	00770060
ANLRE010	EQU	*		A04103	00770070
	L	R1,AIOBFDB	FDB	A04103	00800100
./	DELET	00802000,00802000		A04103	
	LA	R4,0(R4)		A04103	00819100
	SH	R4,=H'4'		A04103	00819200
	CLI	0(R4),C'D'	BUFFER TO BE RETAINED?	A04103	00819300
	BC	NE,ANLDK22	NO,BRANCH	A04103	00819400
	OI	FDBFLAGS,FDBCLOSE	SET CLOSED	A04103	00819500
ANLDK22	EQU	*		A04103	00819600
ANLRDSIN	EQU	*		A04103	00949002
	BAL	R14,ANLCHKBF	CHECK IF THIS ADDRESS IS IN	BUA04103	00970100
	BAL	R14,ANLCHKBF	CHECK IF THIS ADDRESS IS IN	BUA04103	01031100
	BAL	R14,ANLCHKBF	CHECK IF THIS ADDRESS IS IN	BUA04103	01046100
	BAL	R14,ANLCHKBF	CHECK IF THIS ADDRESS IS IN	BUA04103	01141100
	LA	R14,1	ONE	A04103	01191010
	A	R14,ANLCHIO	ADD EXCP COUNT	A04103	01191020
	ST	R14,ANLCHIO	SAVE	A04103	01191030
ANLCHKBF	L	R15,ANLBFCBN	LOAD CHAIN OF BUFFERS	A04103	01269010
ANLCH010	LTR	R15,R15	ANY?	A04103	01269020
	BCR	ZERO,R14	NO,RETURN	A04103	01269030
	C	R0,4(R15)	THIS TA?	A04103	01269040
	BC	EQ,ANLCH020	YES,BRANCH	A04103	01269050
	L	R15,0(R15)	NEXT	A04103	01269060
	B	ANLCH010	LOOK AT NEXT	A04103	01269070
ANLCH020	XC	4(4,R15),4(R15)	CLEAR ADDRESS	A04103	01269080
	BR	R14		A04103	01269090
ANLBFCBN	DC	A(0)	CHAIN OF BUFFERS THAT MAY BE	UA04103	01279010
ANLBFCHE	DC	A(ANLBFCBN)	LAST BUFFER ON CHAIN	A04103	01279020
ANLCHRDS	DC	F'0' COUNT OF AREADS THAT MAY BE SATISFIED		A04103	01279030
ANLCHRDN	DC	F'0' COUNT OF AREADS THAT ARE BE SATISFIED		A04103	01279040
ANLCHPB	DC	F'0' COUNT OF PUTBUFS FOR OUR BUFFERS		A04103	01279050
ANLCHGB	DC	F'0' COUNT OF BUFFERS USED BY GETBUF		A04103	01279060
ANLCHIO	DC	F'0'	EXCP COUNT	A04103	01279065
ANLCHCUR	DC	H'0'	# OF BUFFS ON THE CHAIN	A04103	01279067
ANLCHMIN	DC	H'30'	# OF RESERVED FOR RETAINED BUFA	A04103	01279069

	LTORG		A04103 01279070
	USING ANLRD000,R15		A04103 01279100
	USING OPEN,R10		A04103 01279110
ANLRD000	LA R14,1		A04103 01279120
	A R14,ANLCHRDS	INC COUNT OF AREADS	A04103 01279130
	ST R14,ANLCHRDS		A04103 01279140
	LA R14,ANLBFCBN	POINT AT BUFFER CHAIN	A04103 01279150
	L R3,ANLBFCBN	FIRST BUFFER	A04103 01279160
ANLRD010	LTR R3,R3	ANY?	A04103 01279170
	BC ZERO,ANLRD050	NO,BRANCH	A04103 01279180
	CLC FDBDATA,4(R3)	SAME ADDRESS?	A04103 01279190
	BC EQ,ANLRD020	YES,USE IT	A04103 01279200
	LR R14,R3		A04103 01279210
	L R3,0(R3)		A04103 01279220
	B ANLRD010		A04103 01279230
ANLRD020	MVC 0(4,R14),0(R3)	SAVE CHAIN	A04103 01279240
	CLC 0(4,R14),TVTZERO	LAST?	A04103 01279250
	BC NE,ANLRD030	NO,BRANCH	A04103 01279260
	ST R14,ANLBFCHE	SAVE END	A04103 01279270
ANLRD030	ST R1,0(R3)	CHAIN IN FDB	A04103 01279280
	MVI 0(R3),C'C'	SET POOL BUFFER	A04103 01279290
	LA R3,4(R3)	POINT AT BUFFEP	A04103 01279300
	ST R3,FDBDATA		A04103 01279310
	L R9,AIOPARMS		A04103 01279320
	LH R14,AIOBFUSE		A04103 01279330
	LA R14,1(R14)		A04103 01279340
	STH R14,AIOBFUSE		A04103 01279350
	CH R14,AIONOBFM		A04103 01279360
	BC LE,ANLRD040		A04103 01279370
	STH R14,AIONOBFM		A04103 01279380
ANLRD040	LA R14,1		A04103 01279390
	A R14,ANLCHRDN	INC COUNT OF READS SATISFIED	A04103 01279400
	ST R14,ANLCHRDN		A04103 01279410
	LH R14,ANLCHCUR		A04103 01279420
	BCTR R14,0	-1	A04103 01279430
	STH R14,ANLCHCUR	SAVE CURRENT # OF BUFFS ON CHA	A04103 01279440
	LR R14,R6		A04103 01279450
	B CLSAWAIT		A04103 01279460
	DROP R10		A04103 01279470
	DROP R15		A04103 01279480
	TM FDBFLAG0,FDBNOPUT+FDBJETAT NO PUT BUF OR TAT?		A04103 01307010
	BC NALLOFF,ANLCHE20	YES,BRANCH	A04103 01307020
	TM FDBFLAGS,FDEMNTAT	MAIN TAT?	A04103 01307030
	BC ALLOFF,ANLCHE20	NO,BRANCH	A04103 01307040
	L R12,AIOBSIOC		A04103 01307050
	CLI 0(R12),X'23'	SET SECTOR?	A04103 01307060
	BC NE,ANLCHE10	NO,BRANCH	A04103 01307070
	LA R12,8(R12)		A04103 01307080
ANLCHE10	L R12,16(R12)	LOAD BUFFER ADDR	A04103 01307090
	SL R12,=F'4'	BACKUP 4	A04103 01307100
	CLI 0(R12),C'C'	POOL BUFFER?	A04103 01307110
	BC NE,ANLCHE20	NO,BRANCH	A04103 01307120
	MVI 0(R12),C'D'	SET CHAIN	A04103 01307130
	B CHEND12		A04103 01307140
ANLCHE20	OI FDBFLAGS,FDBCLOSE	SET CLOSED	A04103 01307150
	BC ALLOFF,CHEND80		A04103 01310000
./	CHNGE JOBCONTL,00,0,0		
TAGET180	ARELEASE FDB=TAJCURFD,TYPE=REAL		A04103 00218000
	ARELEASE FDB=TAJCURFD,NORMAL=TAEXITO,TYPE=REAL		A04103 00339000
DEQ05	ARELEASE FDB=TAJCURFD,NORMAL=(R8),TYPE=REAL		A04103 00803000

Appendix B

The following Fortran program was used to analyze the data. The dump core dsp, DC, was used to obtain the counters. The plots are produced by the DISSPLA package from Integrated Software Systems Corporation.

INPUT FORMAT :

FIRST CARD HAS DATE AND BLANK FOR NO PLOT OR PLOT

ADD A CARD FOR EVERY RESTART WITH THE RESTART TIME AND THE BACKLOG

DATA CARDS:

COL.	DEF.	NAME	IONUC NAME
1- 6	TIME OF READING	TH,TM,TS	
7-14	AREADS	ARD	ANLCHRDS
15-22	AREADS FOUND	ARDS	ANLCHRDN
23-30	BUFFERS RETAINED	PUTB	ANLCHPB
31-38	BUFFS USED BY GETBUF	GETB	ANLCHGB
39-43	BUFF POOL EXCEEDED (*I,C)	PE	
44-51	EXCPS	EXCP	ANLCHIO
52-56	BACKLOG (*I,B) R/I	BR	
57-61	BACKLOG (*I,B) SETUP	BS	
62-66	BACKLOG (*I,B) MAIN	BM	
67-71	BACKLOG (*I,B) PERF	BP	

THE PLOT ROUTINES ARE FOR THE DISSPLA PACKAGE
THEY MAYBE LEFT OUT IF THE PACKAGE IS NOT AVAILABLE

```

INTEGER SWITCH,XTITLE(8) /'XX/XX/XX - TIME OF DAY IN HOURS$' /,
X  PLUT/'PLOT'/
INTEGER TH(100),TM(100),TS(100),SEC(100),ARD(100)
INTEGER ARDS(100),GETB(100),PUTB(100),PE(100),ICURD(100)
INTEGER EXCP(100),BR(100),BS(100),BM(100),BP(100)
DIMENSION XH(100),YARD(100),YARDS(100),YPUTB(100),YGETB(100)
DIMENSION YCUR(100),IPK(1000),YRAT(100),YRATT(100),YEXCP(100)
DO 21 I=1,100
21  ICURD(I)=0
20  READ(5,20)XTITLE(1),XTITLE(2),SWITCH
    FORMAT(2A4,1X,A4)
    IF(SWITCH.NE.PLUT) GO TO 81
    CALL STRTPL
    CALL BGNPL(-1)
    CALL PAGE(11.0,12.45)
    CALL NOBRDR
    CALL SIMPLX

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      CALL MIXALF('L/CSTD')
      CALL XINTAX
      CALL YINTAX
81    CONTINUE
      J=0
      I=0
1     I=I+1
      READ(5,2,END=3) TH(I),TM(I),TS(I),ARD(I),ARDS(I),PUTB(I),GETB(I),
X    PE(I),EXCP(I),BR(I),BS(I),BM(I),BP(I)
2     FORMAT(3I2,4Z8,I5,Z8,4I5)
      SEC(I)=(TH(I)*60+TM(I))*60+TS(I)
      WRITE(6,14) TH(I),TM(I),TS(I),I,ARD(I),ARDS(I),PUTB(I),GETB(I),
X    PE(I),EXCP(I),BR(I),BS(I),BM(I),BP(I)
14    FORMAT(2X,I2,1H:,I2,1H:,I2,7I8,4I6)
      ICURD(I)=PUTB(I)-ARDS(I)-GETB(I)
      IF(ARD(I).EQ.0) J=I-1
      IF(J.EQ.0) GO TO 1
      ARD(I)=ARD(I)+ARD(J)
      ARDS(I)=ARDS(I)+ARDS(J)
      PUTB(I)=PUTB(I)+PUTB(J)
      GETB(I)=GETB(I)+GETB(J)
      PE(I)=PE(I)+PE(J)
      EXCP(I)=EXCP(I)+EXCP(J)
      GO TO 1
3     I=I-1
      WRITE(6,13) XTITLE(1),XTITLE(2)
13    FORMAT(1H1,2X,2A4
X/' INTERVAL          STT      STT      STT  GETBUF  GET  ',
X '  QUEUE  JOBS      BUFFS      %      % STT  QUEUE  STT ',
X '  AREADS      STT  GETBUF  GET  '/'
X '  END          SEC AREADS AREADS PUTBUF OF STT MAINS',
X '  EXCPS  IN      ON      EXCPS  EXCPS  EXCPS AREADS',
X '  SAVED PUTBUF  /SEC      MAINS'/'
X '  TIME          SAVED          BUFFS          ',
X '  SYSTEM CHAIN  SAVED SAVED  /SEC  /SEC ',
X '  /SEC  /SEC      /SEC  '/')
12    FORMAT(//)
      L=I-1
      DO 6 J=1,L
      K=J+1
      INDEX=1
      GO TO 10
4     CONTINUE
      XH(J)=(SEC(K)+SEC(J))/7200.0
      YARD(J)=PARD
      YARDS(J)=PARDS
      YPUTB(J)=PPUTB
      YGETB(J)=PGETB
      YRAT(J)=RAT
      YRATT(J)=RATT
      YEXCP(J)=PEXCP
6     CONTINUE
      J=I-1
      IF(SWITCH.NE.PLUT) GO TO 82
C
C     PLOT 1
C
      CALL TITLE(' ', -1, XTITLE, 100,

```

```

1  'AREADS/SECONDS$',100,8.,5.)
CALL HEADIN ('ASP BUFFER REUSE PERFORMANCE$',-100,3,3)
CALL HEADIN ('SINGLE TRACK TABLE AREADS (DOTTED LINE)$',100,2,3)
CALL HEADIN ('AREADS USING RETAINED BUFFERS (DASHED LINE)$',
X 100,2,3)
CALL GRAF(8.,1.,20.,0.,5.,30.)
CALL FRAME
CALL STEP
CALL DOT
CALL CURVE(XH,YARD,J,0)
CALL DASH
CALL CURVE(XH,YARDS,J,0)
CALL RESET('DASH')
CALL MESSAG('F(IGURE) 1$',100,3.5,-1.0)
CALL ENDPL(1)

```

PLOT 2

```

CALL TITLE(' ', -1, XTITLE, 100,
1  'EVENTS/SECONDS$',100,8.,5.)
CALL HEADIN ('ASP BUFFER REUSE PERFORMANCE$',-100,3,3)
CALL HEADIN ('STT BUFFERS RETAINED (DOTTED LINE)$',100,2,3)
CALL HEADIN ('RETAINED BUFFERS USED BY GETBUF (DASHED LINE)$',
X 100,2,3)
CALL GRAF(8.,1.,20.,0.,5.,30.)
CALL FRAME
CALL STEP
CALL DOT
CALL CURVE(XH,YPUTB,J,0)
CALL DASH
CALL CURVE(XH,YGETB,J,0)
CALL RESET('DASH')
CALL MESSAG('F(IGURE) 2$',100,3.5,-1.0)
CALL ENDPL(2)

```

PLOT 3

```

CALL TITLE(' ', -1, XTITLE, 100,
X  'PERCENT$',100,8.,5.)
CALL HEADIN ('ASP BUFFER REUSE PERFORMANCE$',-100,3,3)
CALL HEADIN ('PERCENT OF STT AREAD EXCPS SAVED (DOTTED LINE$',
X 100,2,3)
CALL HEADIN ('PERCENT OF TOTAL EXCPS SAVED (DASHED LINE)$',
X 100,2,3)
CALL GRAF(8.,1.,20.,0.,10.,100.)
CALL FRAME
CALL STEP
CALL DOT
CALL CURVE(XH,YRAT,J,0)
CALL DASH
CALL CURVE(XH,YRATT,J,0)
CALL RESET('DASH')
CALL MESSAG('F(IGURE) 3$',100,3.5,-1.0)
CALL ENDPL(3)

```

PLOT 4

```

CALL TITLE(' ', -1, XTITLE, 100,

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X  'EXCPS/SECONDS$',100,8.,5.)
CALL HEADIN ('ASP BUFFER REUSE PERFORMANCES$',-100,3,2)
CALL HEADIN('ACTUAL QUEUE PACK EXCPS$',100,2,2)
    CALL GRAF (8.,1.,20.,0.,10.,80.)
CALL FRAME
CALL STEP
CALL CURVE(XH,YEXCP,J,0)
CALL MESSAG('F(IGURE) 4$',100,3.5,-1.0)
CALL ENDPL(4)
CALL DONEPL
82  CONTINUE
    INDEX=2
    WRITE(6,12)
    J=1
    K=I
    GO TO 10
5   CONTINUE
    STOP
10  ISEC=SEC(K)-SEC(J)
    IARD=ARD(K)-ARD(J)
    IARDS=ARDS(K)-ARDS(J)
    IGETB=GETB(K)-GETB(J)
    IPUTB=PUTB(K)-PUTB(J)
    IEXCP=EXCP(K)-EXCP(J)
    IJOBS=BR(K)+BS(K)+BM(K)+BP(K)
    IPE=PE(K)-PE(J)
    ICUR=ICURD(K)
    RAT=0.0
    RATT=0.0
    IF(IARD.NE.0) RAT=IARDS*100.0/IARD
    IF(IEXCP+IARDS.NE.0) RATT=IARDS*100.0/(IEXCP+IARDS)
    PARD=IARD*1.0/ISEC
    PARDS=IARDS*1.0/ISEC
    PPUTB=IPUTB*1.0/ISEC
    PGETB=IGETB*1.0/ISEC
    PPE=IPE*1.0/ISEC
    PEXCP=IEXCP*1.0/ISEC
    WRITE (6,11) TH(K),TM(K),TS(K),ISEC,IARD,IARDS,IPUTB,IGETB,IPE,
X   IEXCP,IJOBS,ICUR,RATT,RAT,PEXCP,PARD,PARDS,PPUTB,PGETB,PPE
11  FORMAT(1X,I2,1H:,I2,1H:,I2,5I7,I6,I8,2I7,2F7.1,6F7.2)
    GO TO (4,5) ) ,INDEX
    END

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8/27/75																		
INTERVAL	SEC	STT AREADS	STT AREADS SAVED	STT PUTBUF	GETBUF OF STT BUFFS	GET MAINS	QUEUE EXCPS	JOBS IN SYSTEM	BUFFS ON CHAIN	% EXCPS SAVED	% STT EXCPS SAVED	QUEUE EXCPS /SEC	STT AREADS /SEC	AREADS SAVED /SEC	STT PUTBUF /SEC	GETBUF /SEC	GET MAINS /SEC	
8:53:58	1298	3471	3256	3263	0	0	7882	86	49	29.2	93.8	6.07	2.67	2.51	2.51	0.0	0.0	
9: 7:11	793	5616	5172	5184	30	132	23365	97	31	18.1	92.1	29.46	7.08	6.52	6.54	0.04	0.17	
9:35:41	1710	18618	16941	16966	27	321	52655	109	29	24.3	91.0	30.79	10.89	9.91	9.92	0.02	0.19	
10: 5:26	1785	24736	21961	21998	34	480	60914	132	32	26.5	88.8	34.13	13.86	12.30	12.32	0.02	0.27	
10:30:47	1521	22753	20475	20507	32	325	50268	152	32	28.9	90.0	33.05	14.96	13.46	13.48	0.02	0.21	
11:10:10	2363	0	0	0	0	0	0	206	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
11:15:58	348	3808	3197	3237	0	0	10663	206	40	23.1	84.0	30.64	10.94	9.19	9.30	0.0	0.0	
11:41: 8	1510	33133	24386	29707	5330	4270	86078	221	31	22.1	73.6	57.01	21.94	16.15	19.67	3.53	2.83	
12: 9:17	1689	32616	29176	30633	1448	5294	84157	249	40	25.7	89.5	49.83	19.31	17.27	18.14	0.86	3.13	
12:39:28	1811	30938	28503	29165	657	1438	77680	225	45	26.8	92.1	42.89	17.08	15.74	16.10	0.36	0.79	
13:24:42	2714	38510	37437	37534	108	560	103041	228	34	26.6	97.2	37.97	14.19	13.79	13.83	0.04	0.21	
13:46:10	1288	27219	25633	26611	972	1168	69980	232	40	26.8	94.2	54.33	21.13	19.90	20.66	0.75	0.91	
14: 5: 1	1131	19271	18217	18545	331	1713	60330	231	37	23.2	94.5	53.34	17.04	16.11	16.40	0.29	1.51	
14:28:29	1408	25803	22985	24815	1832	3112	72764	244	35	24.0	89.1	51.68	18.33	16.32	17.62	1.30	2.21	
14:47:11	1122	22890	21218	21417	201	342	63171	247	33	25.1	92.7	56.30	20.40	18.91	19.09	0.18	0.30	
15:13:58	1607	31668	19938	28181	8236	5985	99596	252	40	16.7	63.0	61.98	19.71	12.41	17.54	5.13	3.72	
15:38:25	1467	28379	22800	27351	4551	4388	83840	249	40	21.4	80.3	57.15	19.34	15.54	18.64	3.10	2.99	
16: 4:42	1577	0	0	0	0	0	0	289	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
16:16:34	712	11930	11122	11602	449	396	39669	289	31	21.9	93.2	55.71	16.76	15.62	16.29	0.63	0.56	
16:37:45	1271	25854	14601	25415	10815	4840	79502	305	30	15.5	56.5	62.55	20.34	11.49	20.00	8.51	3.81	
17:27:52	3007	0	0	0	0	0	0	305	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
17:46:54	1142	17929	17000	17392	348	414	55452	319	44	23.5	94.8	48.56	15.70	14.89	15.23	0.30	0.36	
18:10:37	1423	19832	17208	18128	925	571	66180	284	39	20.6	86.8	46.51	13.94	12.09	12.74	0.65	0.40	
18:34:40	1443	15031	13562	13746	184	311	46531	259	39	22.6	90.2	32.25	10.42	9.40	9.53	0.13	0.22	
19: 2:28	1668	10538	9910	9936	33	9	34989	234	32	22.1	94.0	20.98	6.32	5.94	5.96	0.02	0.01	
19:27:58	1530	10826	10528	10539	14	23	51665	211	29	16.9	97.2	33.77	7.08	6.88	6.89	0.01	0.02	
19:58:58	1860	5772	5703	5712	4	295	18877	207	34	23.2	98.8	10.15	3.10	3.07	3.07	0.00	0.16	

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